

# Suspended sediment-bound toxic chemical fluxes from large rivers to Puget Sound.

<b>Regional Priority Approach</b>	CHIN4.2: Improve monitoring and assess impacts of point and nonpoint source pollutants on salmon		
<b>Owner Organization</b>	U.S. Geological Survey		
<b>Primary Contact</b>	Richard Sheibley (sheibley@usgs.gov)		
<b>Stage</b>	Planning/Design	<b>Duration</b>	2020 - 2022
<b>Estimated Total Cost</b>	\$600,000.00	<b>Secured Funding</b>	\$0.00
<b>No Funding Identified</b>	\$600,000.00	<b>Targeted Funding</b>	\$0.00
<b>Activity Progress</b>	Off-Track		
<b>Activity Progress Barrier</b>	Inadequate resources: Funding not fully secured		
<b>2018 NTA ID</b>	2018-0576		
<b>Total Proposed NTA Cost</b>	\$600,000.00		

Emphasize funding and implementation of science and monitoring actions to support salmon recovery ➤ Improve monitoring and assess impacts of point and nonpoint source pollutants on salmon

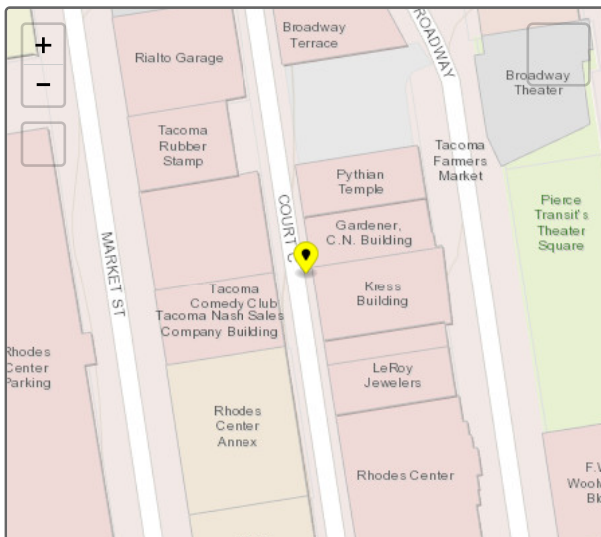
Follow the model of work we have established at the Duwamish River to train PSP LIOs. Specifically, how to collect width- and depth-integrated water samples to determine suspended sediment concentrations, alongside continuous monitoring of river turbidity to create an estimate for continuous suspended sediment concentrations. How to collect width- and depth-integrated water samples and analyze them for contaminants. How to collect pumped water samples and use portable centrifuges to compile suspended sediment that can be analyzed for particle size and contaminants sorbed to the sediment. Demonstrate the use of continuous river disc...

*No Key Photo provided*

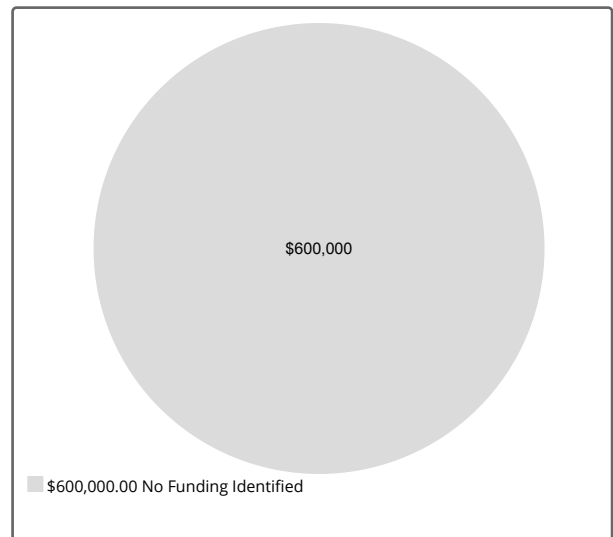
### Activity Types

- Enabling Conditions - Technical Capacity

### Location



### Budget



## Photos

*No additional photos provided*

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Near Term Action last updated 9/8/2021